

Living With Bats

Understanding and Controlling Bats

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Bats Roost In Buildings...



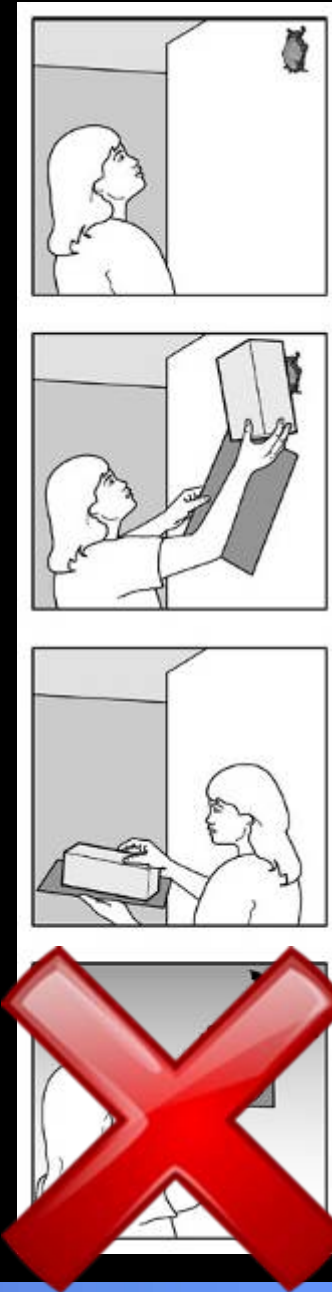
Big brown bats
(Eptesicus fuscus)

Whispering Pines, AZ

Bats in Buildings...

- Capturing a solitary bat
 - Wearing protective gloves,
 - Place container over the bat,
 - Slide cardboard or plastic between the container and the surface
 - Release bat outside or submit for testing*

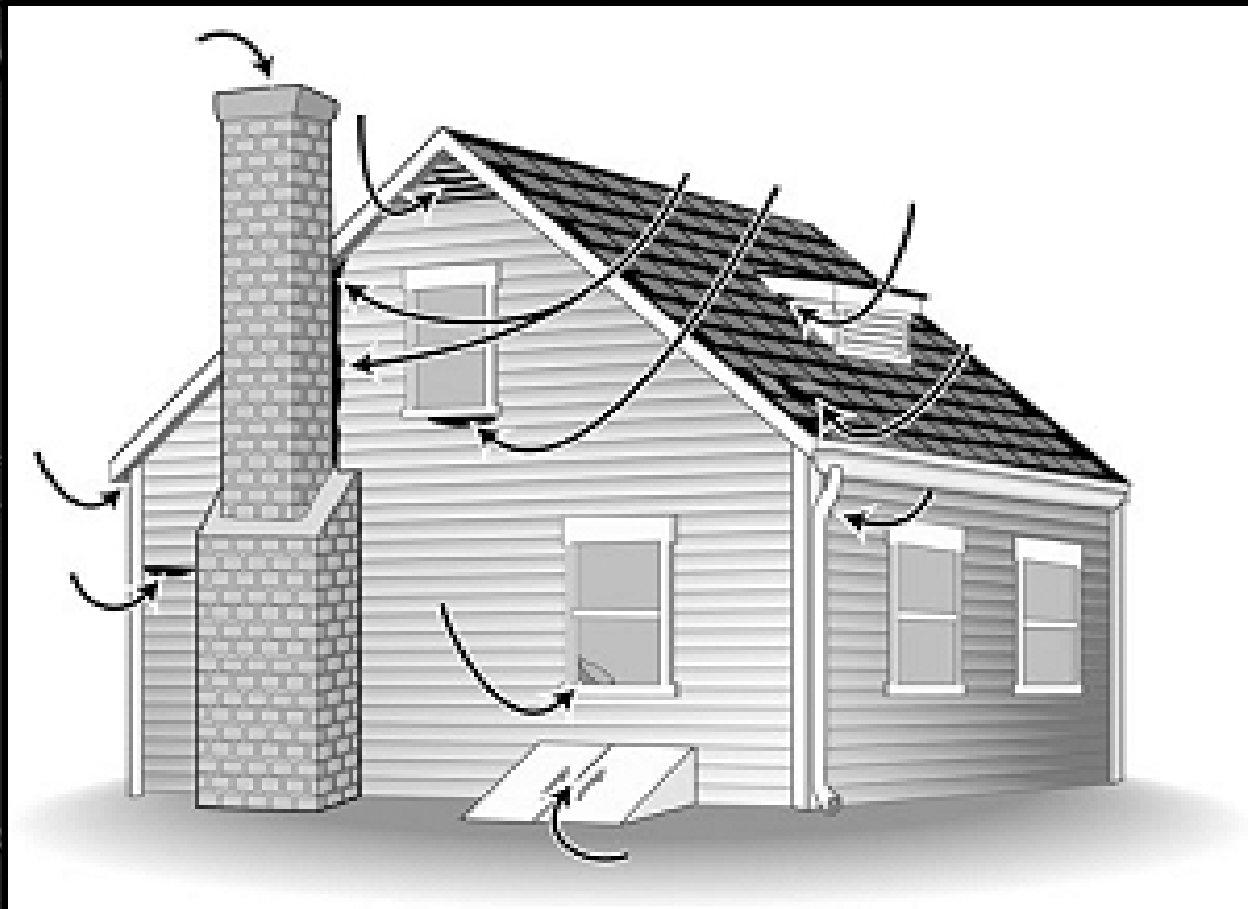
** If exposure cannot be ruled out, bat must be tested for rabies– DO NOT RELEASE!!*



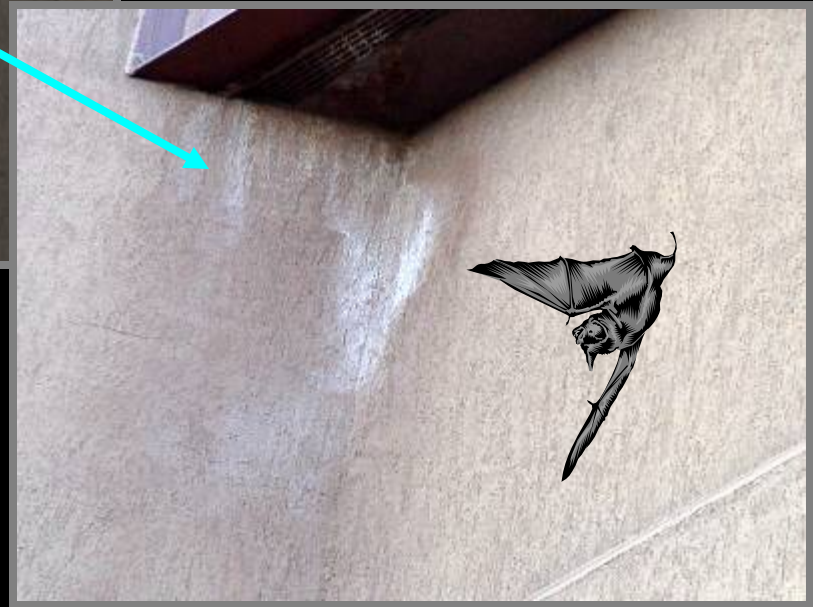
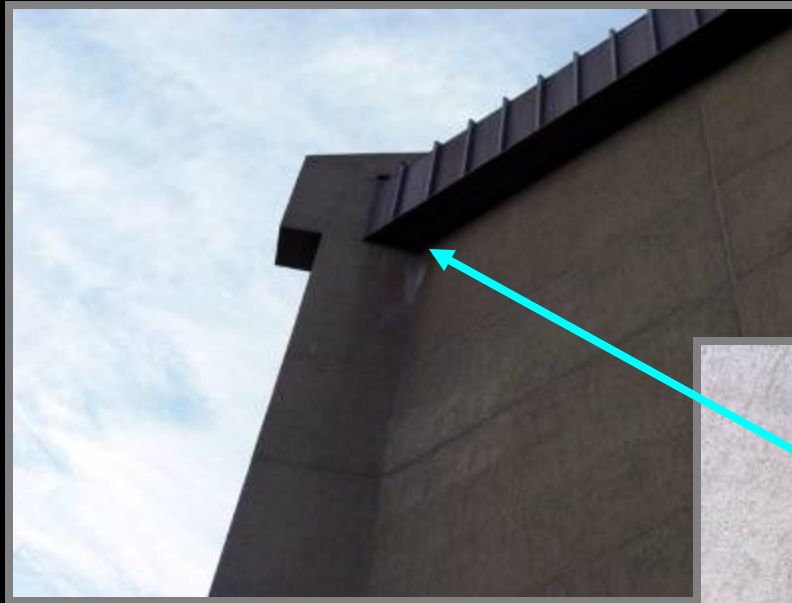
Bats in Buildings...

- Large colonies can cause odor and noise problems justifying exclusion.
- Most bat exclusion procedures are often simple and inexpensive to the home or business owner.
- Exclusion from entire buildings is also feasible, although professional advice may be warranted.

How Do Bats Get In?



Potential Portals...



Eaves

Potential Portals...



Gables



Flashing

Potential Portals...



Outdoor Fixtures



Concrete Fascia

Roost Selection...

- Bats that use buildings are very opportunistic...they select roost sites that can vary daily and seasonally...
 - Day – Dark, protected niches for sleeping
 - Maternity – Energy efficient temperatures and protection (specialized day roost)
 - Night – Warm, draft-free hangouts near food and water resources
 - Migratory – Temporary shelter (Spring/Fall)
 - Hibernation – Cold, humid undisturbed habitats

Assessing Buildings for Bat Use...



- Telltale signs:
 - Bat Guano (droppings)



Assessment...

- Telltale signs:
 - Bat Urine
 - Old roosts may have urine crystals (amber)



Assessment....



- Telltale signs:
 - Dark staining

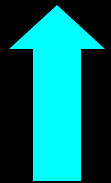


Assessment...

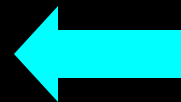
- Telltale signs:
 - Bats!!



Inside



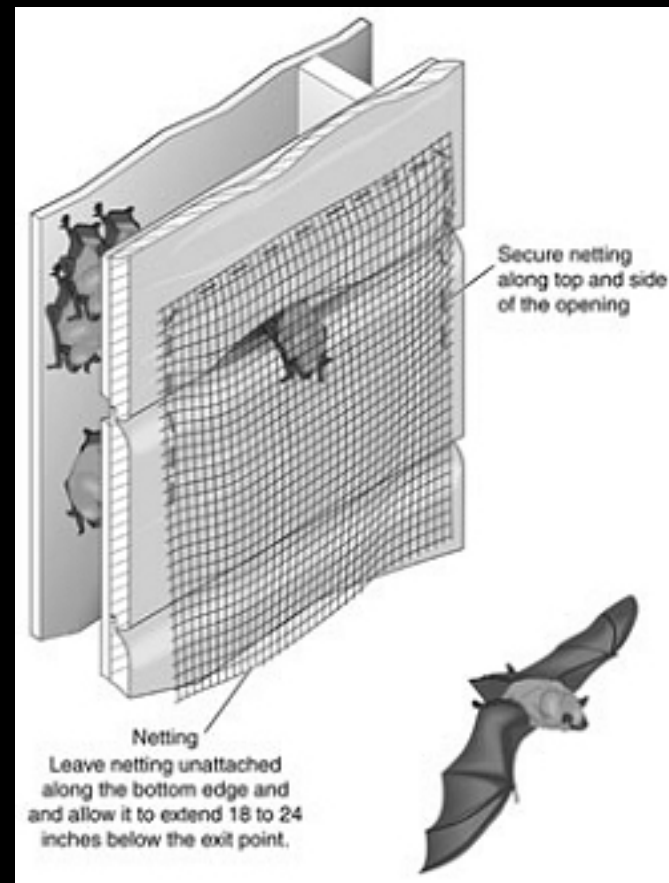
Or



Outside

Before Sealing Begins...

- Provide a Safe Exit for Bats
 - Determine main access points
 - Install netting, plastic, or tubes that function as one-way valves over openings
 - One-way valves allow bats to leave but not reenter
 - Leave valves in place for 5-7 days (bats may not exit every night)
 - Avoid exclusions during the maternity season as young may become trapped inside



Exclusion Step 1

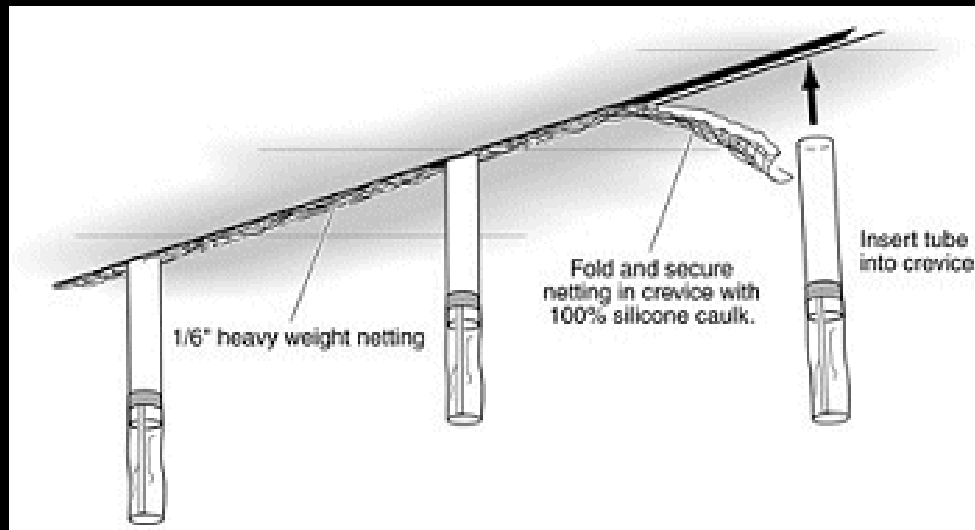


Locate Bat Portals...

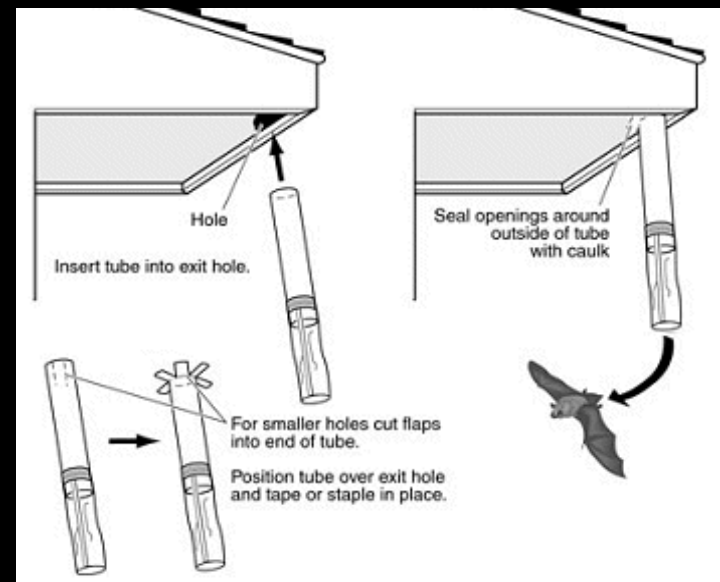
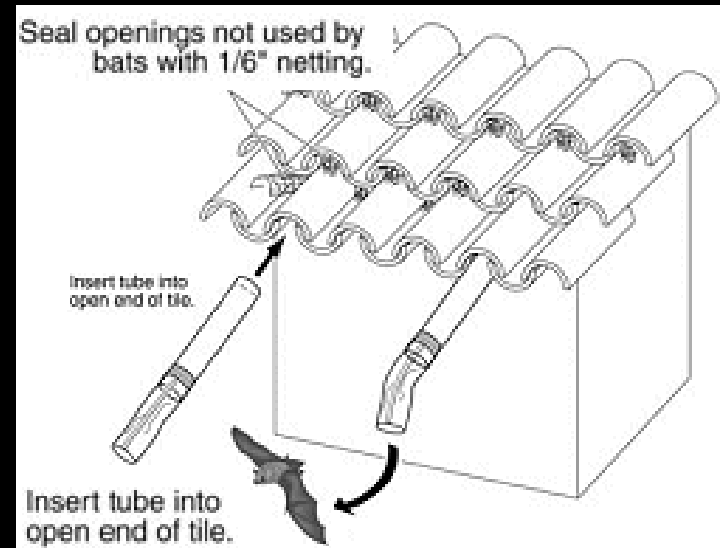
- Access points can be very obvious or cryptic in nature
- Observation is best method to find all points of entry...
 - Observe at sunset or sunrise (exiting or entering bats)
 - Station observers strategically around suspected areas (compass points)

Exclusion Step 2

Install One-way Escape Valve(s)



Seal Remaining Openings



Exclusion Step 2

One-way valve examples



Do-It-Yourself

Bat Cone




www.batcone.com

Bat Excluder



www.wildlifecontrolsupplies.com/

Exclusion Step 3

- 
- Leave escape valves in place for 5-7 days
 - Remove one-way valves and seal openings

Exclusion Step 4

Avoid Future Exclusions

- Be proactive with maintenance
- Conduct regular inspections (minimum Fall/Spring)
 - Check for bat use
 - Assess for potential bat portals
 - Repair openings as needed

Exclusion Step 5

- After excluding bats consider ways to improve bat habitat or mitigate roost loss
 - Consider installing bat houses
 - Construct wildlife pond
 - Conserve hedge rows and wind breaks
 - Preserve forest edges and old trees





*Hwy 260
Bridge Boxes*



Bat Houses



*Bat Condo
University of
Florida*



*Pioneer Living History
Museum Bat Adobe*

Sand Box House (Belfry)



A photograph of a schoolyard habitat. On the left, a small waterfall flows over dark, jagged rocks into a shallow pond. The pond's water is calm, reflecting the surrounding green trees and tall reeds. The shoreline is a mix of light-colored gravel and patches of green grass. In the background, a dense line of trees and shrubs forms a natural backdrop. The overall scene is a well-maintained natural area within a schoolyard.

Schoolyard Habitat Developments:

- Why Native Fish in schoolyard habitats?
 - Assist recovery efforts for native fish populations
 - Gila topminnows are as effective at mosquito control as nonnative mosquito fish
 - Increases public awareness

Wildlife Water Developments:



Wildlife Water Developments:



Photo Credits:

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- Arizona Game & Fish Department
photographic collection
- Merlin Tuttle,
Bat Conservation International



Bat Fact Credits:



Important Bat Facts

Published by Bat Conservation International
Austin, Texas

www.batcon.org

Phone: (512) 327-9721

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